

Bahan Ajar

Chapter 6



Materi Pembelajaran

Matakuliah :

# INTERFACING PERIPHERAL

Kode Matakuliah : SKO 20416

Prodi : SISTEM KOMPUTER

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## Tugas Mandiri

# Python Arithmetic Operators

Arithmetic operators are used with numeric values to perform common mathematical operations:

<b>Operator</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Example</b>
+	Addition	$x + y$
-	Subtraction	$x - y$
*	Multiplication	$x * y$
/	Division	$x / y$
%	Modulus	$x \% y$
**	Exponentiation	$x ** y$
//	Floor division	$x // y$

# Python Assignment Operators

Assignment operators are used to assign values to variables:

Operator	Example	Same As
=	x = 5	x = 5
+=	x += 3	x = x + 3
-=	x -= 3	x = x - 3
*=	x *= 3	x = x * 3
/=	x /= 3	x = x / 3
%=	x %= 3	x = x % 3

# Python Assignment Operators

Assignment operators are used to assign values to variables:

<code>//=</code>	<code>x //= 3</code>	<code>x = x // 3</code>
<code>**=</code>	<code>x **= 3</code>	<code>x = x ** 3</code>
<code>&amp;=</code>	<code>x &amp;= 3</code>	<code>x = x &amp; 3</code>
<code> =</code>	<code>x  = 3</code>	<code>x = x   3</code>
<code>^=</code>	<code>x ^= 3</code>	<code>x = x ^ 3</code>
<code>&gt;&gt;=</code>	<code>x &gt;&gt;= 3</code>	<code>x = x &gt;&gt; 3</code>
<code>&lt;&lt;=</code>	<code>x &lt;&lt;= 3</code>	<code>x = x &lt;&lt; 3</code>

# Python Comparison Operators

Comparison operators are used to compare two values:

Operator	Name	Example
==	Equal	x == y
!=	Not equal	x != y
>	Greater than	x > y
<	Less than	x < y
>=	Greater than or equal to	x >= y
<=	Less than or equal to	x <= y

# Python Logical Operators

Logical operators are used to combine conditional statements:

<b>Operator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Example</b>
and	Returns True if both statements are true	<code>x &lt; 5 and x &lt; 10</code>
or	Returns True if one of the statements is true	<code>x &lt; 5 or x &lt; 4</code>
not	Reverse the result, returns False if the result is true	<code>not(x &lt; 5 and x &lt; 10)</code>



# Python Identity Operators

Identity operators are used to compare the objects, not if they are equal, but if they are actually the same object, with the same memory location:

<b>Operator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Example</b>
and	Returns True if both statements are true	<code>x &lt; 5 and x &lt; 10</code>
or	Returns True if one of the statements is true	<code>x &lt; 5 or x &lt; 4</code>
not	Reverse the result, returns False if the result is true	<code>not(x &lt; 5 and x &lt; 10)</code>

# Python Membership Operators

Membership operators are used to test if a sequence is presented in an object:

<b>Operator</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Example</b>
in	Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is present in the object	x in y
not in	Returns True if a sequence with the specified value is not present in the object	x not in y

# Python Bitwise Operators

Bitwise operators are used to compare (binary) numbers:

<b>Operator</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
&	AND	Sets each bit to 1 if both bits are 1
	OR	Sets each bit to 1 if one of two bits is 1
^	XOR	Sets each bit to 1 if only one of two bits is 1
~	NOT	Inverts all the bits
<<	Zero fill left shift	Shift left by pushing zeros in from the right and let the leftmost bits fall off
>>	Signed right shift	Shift right by pushing copies of the leftmost bit in from the left, and let the rightmost bits fall off

## **Tugas Mandiri (teori):**

1. What comparison should you use to check whether the value stored in the z variable is greater than or equal to 10? explained.
2. Does Python support the select and case statements that are often found in other programming languages?

## **Tugas Mandiri (prakt):**

Tuliskan script program python **Logical Operators** untuk menghidupkan 6 buah LED secara bergantian di Raspberry Pi.

end

